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Second Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2014
Formal Models in Computer Science

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1. a. Use \neg , \rightarrow , \wedge and \vee to express the following declarative sentences in propositional logic, in each state what are your respective propositional atoms P, Q etc.:
 - i) My sister wants a white and black cat. (06 Marks)
 - ii) Today it will rain or shine, but not both. (07 Marks)
- b. Prove $(p \wedge q) \rightarrow r, r \rightarrow s, q \wedge \neg s \vdash \neg p$ is valid. (07 Marks)
- c. Show $(P \wedge Q) \vee (P \wedge \neg Q) \equiv P$ (Note: \neg is negation). (07 Marks)
2. a. Use mathematical induction to show that $1 + 2 + \dots + n = n(n + 1) / 2$ for all natural numbers $n \geq 1$ and also comment with respect to propositional logic. (08 Marks)
- b. State HORN formula of propositional logic and also prove $(p \wedge q \wedge w \rightarrow \perp) \wedge (t \rightarrow \perp) \wedge (r \rightarrow p) \wedge (T \rightarrow r) \wedge (T \rightarrow q) \wedge (u \rightarrow s) \wedge (t \rightarrow u)$. (12 Marks)
3. a. Find appropriate predicate and their specification to translate the following into predicate logic:
 - i) All red things are in the box. (10 Marks)
 - ii) Only red things are in the box. (03 Marks)
 - iii) No animal in both a cat and a dog.
 - iv) Every prize was won by a boy.
 - v) A boy won every prize. (07 Marks)
- b. Write proof rules universal quantification in brief. (07 Marks)
- c. Write the parse tree of a predicate logic formula and illustrate free and bound occurrences of variables and also use the substitution to solve the $(\forall x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))) \rightarrow (\neg P(x) \vee Q(y))$ (Note: \neg is negation). (05 Marks)
4. a. Explain the terms mode, term backus Naur, modes Tollens and modus proties. (05 Marks)
- b. Prove the validity of the following sequent's in predicate logic, where F, G, P and Q have arity 1, and S has arity 0 (a 'propositional atom'):

$$\forall x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \forall x P(x) \wedge \forall x Q(x).$$
 (10 Marks)
- c. Write short note on alloy and micro models of software. (05 Marks)
5. a. Explain linear-time temporal logic and syntax of LTL. (05 Marks)
- b. Explain synchronous and asynchronous of mutual exclusion using SMV and NUSMV with help of a suitable code. (10 Marks)
- c. Write the parse trees for the LTL formulas

$$Fp \wedge Gq \rightarrow pWr$$

$$F(p \rightarrow Gr) \vee \neg qUp$$
 Note: (\neg is negation). (05 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. Discuss the important equivalences between CTL formulas. (06 Marks)
b. What is CTL? Give syntax. (08 Marks)
c. Explain CTL model-checking algorithm with help of pseudo-code. (06 Marks)
- 7 a. Why should we verify and specify, convert the informal description R of requirements of an application domain into an equivalent formula ϕ_R of some symbolic logic. (08 Marks)
b. Define Hoare Triples. (05 Marks)
c. Show that $\vdash_{\text{par}} ((y = 5) \ x = y + 1 \ (x = 6))$ is valid using proof rule for assignment and implication on required. (07 Marks)
- 8 a. Why is Z-notation important? Discuss different aspects and benefits. (05 Marks)
b. What is schema? Explain the structure of schema, its various forms; its uses declaration etc with specific examples. (10 Marks)
c. Give the syntax of qualified expressions in the z-notation. (05 Marks)

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